

Lesson - 1 Ice cream man

* Answer the following questions.

Q1. Who feels joyful on seeing the Ice-cream man?

Ans. The children feel joyful on seeing the Ice-cream man.

Q2. In which season is ice-cream popular?

Ans. Ice-cream is popular in summer season.

Q3. What are two things that the ice-cream man is selling?

Ans. The Ice-cream man is selling ice-cream and cold drinks.

Q4. Name the different flavours of ice-cream the ice-cream man has in his cart.

Ans. vanilla, chocolate and strawberry.

Q5. Where is the Ice-cream man pulling his cart?

Ans. The Ice cream man is pulling his cart in the street.

Q6. What is the Ice-cream cart compared to in the poem?

Ans. The Ice-cream man cart is compared to a flower bed of roses and sweet peas in the poem.

* Find words from the Poem which mean:

1. Fire - Blaze
2. below - Beneath
3. wonderful - Joyful
4. heap - Mounds
5. cold - cool / chilly
6. gather around - cluster

* Circle the words which rhyme with:

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| 1. Heat : | (Street) | Mean | House |
| 2. Sight : | City | (Might) | Town |
| 3. Bed : | Sky | (Red) | Tear |
| 4. Peas : | wasp | (Bees) | Right |
| 5. Mound : | Cart | Bowl | (Pound) |

Homework

Question Answer, poem vocabulary and circle rhyme words do in copy and learn question answer.

Subject - English Grammar Lesson - 2 The Sentence

* **Sentence** - A group of words that makes complete sense is called a sentence. A sentence always begins with a capital letter and has a verb.

Example - Birds fly in the air.

* **Types of sentences** :-

1. **Assertive** - An assertive sentence makes a statement or assertion. It affirms or denies something.

Example - 1. The girls are playing.

2. The girls are not playing.

2. **Interrogative** - It asks a question and ends with a question mark.

Example - How old are you?

3. **Imperative** - An imperative sentence expresses a command or makes a request or offers a prayer or gives a piece of advice or suggestion.

Example - 1. O God, protect us from the Corona virus.

2. Put the book on the table.

4. **Exclamatory** - A sentence that expresses a strong feeling is called an exclamatory sentence. The sentence ends with exclamation mark (!).

Example - Hurrah! we won the match.

Home work -

Lesson - 2 do in copy and solve the exercise of book in your notebook.

H. Write 'S' for a statement, 'Q' for a question, 'I' for an imperative or 'E' for an exclamatory sentence. Punctuate each sentence correctly.

- (a) Sita is able to lift the box
- (b) Give me your book please
- (c) Do you know where the post office is
- (d) Shut up and sit down
- (e) The super market remains closed on Sundays
- (f) How hot the coffee is
- (g) Put the fruits in the basket
- (h) What is the capital of India
- (i) Switch off the light
- (j) Please don't wake up my grandpa
- (k) What a beautiful place this is

I. Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences.

(a) for my looking glasses I'm

(b) What you are book kind of reading

(c) Pamela is why crying

(d) Paul studying National University at is Economics the

(e) everyone is laughing why
